

PRO CLEAR AQUATIC SYSTEMS

The Assembly and Installation Instructions

For the Pro 150 Series Wet/Dry

The Pro 150 Series Wet/Dry is designed with the input water from the tank being skimmed before going to the Biological area. This has the advantage of higher Biological activity and increase oxygenation of the aquarium water. Make sure the skimmer section of the filter maintains a consistent water level that is high enough to mount any heaters or chiller probes vertically. The sump contains a foam water-polishing block to prevent any smaller debris from being returned to the aquarium.

ASSEMBLY:

- Remove the pump from the box. Install the P8 discharge adapter. Slide the manifold, Item 5 on to the pump, Item 6. Insure vinyl tube with the black air valve is install to the elbow. Place the pump into the main filter unit, Item 7, behind the back divider. Note: the suction cups are not used.
- Remove the bubble trap, Item 12, from the thread slip fitting, Item13, and threaded 90 degree elbow, Item 15, with rubber seal, Item 14. Install the threaded 90 degree elbow with rubber seal outside to the 1 1/4" hole in the rear of filter tank unit, tightening threaded slip fitting hand tight from inside filter tank unit.
- Install the protein skimmer body, Item 4, over the manifold on the pump.
- Place the main filter unit with protein skimmer under the aquarium stand at desired location.
- Hang the pre-filter box Item B – Fig. 1 on the back of the aquarium with the skimmer box, Item A – Fig. 1, inside the aquarium. Adjust the skimmer box inside the aquarium as required. Tighten wing nut, Item F – Fig.1, once adjusted.
- Place the siphon tube Item C – Fig. 1, in the pre-filter box, Item B- Fig.1. NOTE, the siphon tube goes to the side of the filter not inside the pre-filter sponge.

OPERATION:

- Fill the aquarium with water until the water begins to fill the skimmer box, Item A – Fig. 1.
- Fill the pre-filter box, Item B – Fig. 1, with water using the siphon tube, Item C – Fig. 1, until half the box is full.
- Insert the length of vinyl siphoning tubing, Item G – Fig 1, supplied with the pre-filter unit, until it is approximately half way into the bend of the siphon tube, Item C – Fig. 1.
- Start siphoning by sucking on the vinyl siphoning tubing, Item G, to remove excessive air. By natural forces, the water should begin draining from the aquarium into the pre-filter box, Item B, - Fig. 1. To remove the vinyl siphoning tubing, item G, pinch the end of the tube to prevent air from being drawn back into the siphon tube. With one hand hold the siphon tube, item C, in the pre-filter box and pull the vinyl siphoning tube completely out with the other hand. Any remaining air bubbles can be removed by jiggling the siphon tube once the system is running. Should the siphon process fail repeat the above process.
- If the filter tank has not filled with enough water to cover the pump, add more water directly to the filter tank.
- Once the pump is totally submerged with water, you can start the pump. Continue adding water until the pump no longer drains the sump or filter dry, or blows air out of the return spout. Water level in the filter tank should be

at the bottom of the egg crate shelf, Item 9 – Fig.2. Add or remove water as necessary. NOTE: The indicated water level on your filter is the minimum water level necessary for the system to operate properly. The system is now operational.

- To check the system, turn off the pump and let the system stop. After a few minutes, check the siphon tube in the pre-filter box, it should have not lost its siphon. If the siphon is lost, make sure the siphon tube is completely down in skimmer box and pre-filter box and both ends of siphon tube submerged in water.

WITH SYSTEM IN OPERATION, CHECK THE FOLLOWING:

- Adjust the water level if required. You can adjust the water level by lowering the skimmer box.
- Add or remove water as required. NOTE: the leveling screw, Item D - Fig. 1, at the bottom of the pre-filter box is used to bring pre-filter box parallel with the water level. This allows even water flow through all slots in the pre-filter box. However, the pre-filter may initially fill with water, but once the pre-filter sponge, Item H Fig. 1, becomes saturated with water, the water level will fall some.

MAINTENANCE:

- This should be preformed as required. Algae should not be allowed to build up on any of the pre-filter parts including the siphon tube. The foam block, Item 8 – Fig. 2, in the main filter should be removed and rinsed in discard water when performing a water change on the aquarium. Pre-filter sponge, Item H – Fig. 1, should be cleaned at least once a week (every three days is recommended). The pump should be removed and the impeller assembly cleaned at least monthly.
- Any evaporation-taking place in the aquarium will be transferred to the sump area causing the water level in the sump to drop. Fresh water must be added to the sump as needed to prevent it from running dry and to maintain constant salinity, in the case of a salt water aquarium.

